## One of the **isomass** systems range

## **DESCRIPTION**

- ☐ The Isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10 systems are designed to reduce impact sound transmission through all types of structural concrete floors.
- ☐ Isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10 comprises 3mm, 5mm, 6mm or 10mm reconstituted bonded rubber laver that has been designed to be placed within a masonry structural floor directly below the screed. This isolates the screed from the structural sub floor, and provide sufficient impact absorption to place it amongst the top performing systems available.
- By ensuring that all the joints are taped, bridging will be eliminated which is the single greatest cause of failure of any system of this type.
- ☐ Isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10 have been tested to BS EN 29052-1:1992 and satisfy the dynamic stiffness requirement with a figure of 10MN/m<sup>3</sup>.

### **BENEFITS**

- ☐ Tested as a single 6mm layer.
- Composition prevents water transmission which can impair acoustic performance.
- ☐ All installations over 250m² come with a free site pre screed inspection.



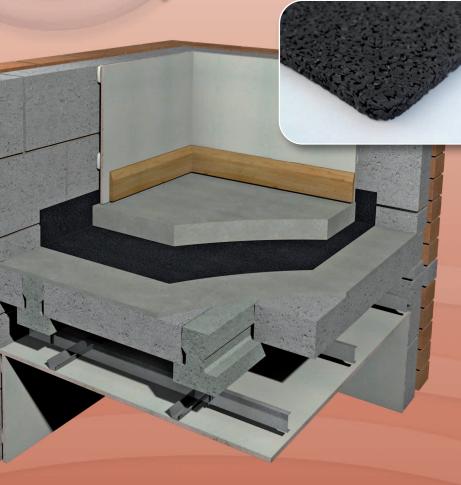








Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10 Systems



# UNDER SCREED SYSTEMS FOR ALL TYPES OF CONCRETE FLOORS

- New build
- Refurbishments
- Conversions









Taking the *mystery* out of Acoustics





# under screed system

### Product data

Dimensions: Re-Mat Base 3 1.00m wide x 20m long x 3mm thick rolls

Re-Mat Base 5 1.25m wide x 10m long x 5mm thick rolls Re-Mat Base 6 1.25m wide x 10m long x 6mm thick rolls Re-Mat Base 10 1.25m wide x 6m long x 10mm thick rolls

Foam composition: Bonded rubber fibres

Density:  $730 \text{kg}/^3 \pm 5\%$ 

Compression test:  $CC25_{22} = 539 \text{kPa}$ (DIN EN ISO 3386-2)  $CC40_{22} = 1803 \text{kPa}$  $CC50_{22} = 4660 \text{kPa}$ 

Compression at 10% pressure: 0.24 MPa

(DIN 53421)

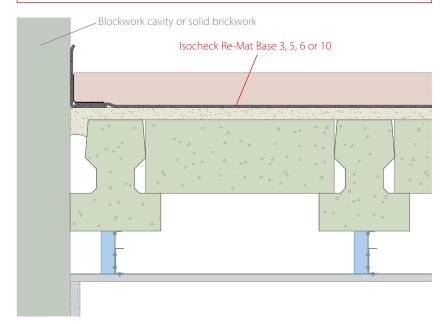
(E-Module) 2.9 MPa

Thermal conductivity (DIN 52612): 0.14 W/mK

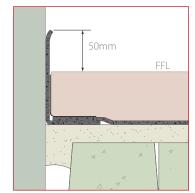
Fire Classification (DIN 4102): B2

#### Performance (on the construction below)

Treated floor with: Construction complies with the latest version of Approved Doc E of the building regulations. Under separate UKAS laboratory site tests, the construction below was found to provide a  $D_{\rm n}T_{\rm r}$ , w of 49dB and an  $L'_{\rm n}T_{\rm r}$ , w of 48dB.



- □ min 80kg/m² 65mm sand cement screed or 40mm liquid proprietary screed.
- Optional plastic sheeting to aid screed pouring and maintain joints in isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 or 10.
- □ Isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 or 10.
- □ ≥300kg/m² minimum structural beam and block floor with optional levelling screed.
- □ 75mm min. void formed by metal frame suspended ceiling system and ≥10kg/m² fire-rated board ceiling.



Every effort has been taken in the preparation of this sheet to ensure the accuracy of representations contained herein. Recommendations as to the use of materials, construction details and methods of installation are given in good faith and relate to typical situations. However, every site has different characteristics and reliance should not be placed upon the foregoing recommendations. Advice can be given as to specific applications of the products, upon request to isomass building products.

### **SPECIFICATION**

The acoustic floor shall be:

□ Isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 or 10, supplied by Isomass Ltd.



installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions /

recommendations.

#### INSTALLATION

- ☐ The floor surface should be swept free of any loose debris that may damage or bridge the system.
- Butt joint and seal all roll edges of isocheck Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10.

  At perimeters overlap Re-Mat

  Base 3, 5, 6 or 10 onto a right angle flanking edge strip which should be turned up all vertical surfaces to allow a minimum 50mm to protrude above the intended FFL of the screed.
- Perimeter overlaps or butt joints should be sealed with a min 100mm wide duct tape.
- Services that penetrate the screed should be isolated by wrapping with Re-Mat Base 3, 5, 6 & 10 which again would be taped.
- When trafficking the floor take care not to perform any unnecessary actions that may cause any of the taped joints to be forced apart.

